# JinkoSolar Photovoltaic Module

## **Installation Manual**





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## 1. General Information

## 1.1 Overview

Thanks for choosing Jinko Solar PV modules. In order to ensure the PV modules are installed correctly, please read the following installation instructions carefully before modules are installed and used.

Please remember that these products generate electricity and certain safety measures need to be taken to avoid danger.

Make sure the module array is designed in such a way not to exceed the maximum system voltage of any system component such as connectors or inverters.

The assembly is to be mounted over a fire resistant roof covering rated for the application. Before mounting the module, please consult your local building department to determine approved roofing materials.

The modules are qualified for application class A: Hazardous voltage (IEC 61730: higher than 50V DC; EN 61730: higher than 120V), hazardous power applications (higher than 240W) where general contact access is anticipated. Modules qualified for safety through EN IEC 61730 -1 and - 2 within this application class are considered to meet the requirements for Safety Class II.

## 1.2 Warnings A wARNING



- PV modules generate DC electrical energy when exposed to sunlight or other light sources. Active parts of module such as terminals can result in burns, sparks, and lethal shock.
- Artificially concentrated sunlight shall not be directed on the module or panel.
- Front protective glass is utilized on the module. Broken solar module glass is an electrical safety hazard (may cause electric shock or fire). These modules cannot be repaired and should be replaced immediately.



- To reduce the risk of electrical shocks or burns, modules may be covered with an opaque material during installation to avoid injury.
- The installation work of the PV array can only be done under the protection of sun-sheltering covers or sunshades and only qualified person can install or perform maintenance work on this module.
- Follow the battery manufacture's recommendations if batteries are used with modules.
- Do not use this module to replace or partly replace roofs and walls of living buildings.
- Do not install modules where flammable gas may be present. •
- Do not remove any part installed by Jinko Solar or disassemble the module.
- All instructions should be read and understood before attempting to install, wire, operate and maintain the module.
- Don't lift up PV modules using the attached cables or the junction box.



• Do not touch live terminals with bare hands. Use insulated tools for electrical connections.



- All PV systems must be grounded to earth. If there is no special regulation, please follow the National Electrical Code or other national code.
- Under normal conditions, a photovoltaic module is likely to experience conditions that produce more current and/or voltage than reported at standard test conditions. Accordingly, the value of Isc and Voc marked on the module should be multiplied by 1.25 when determining PV system component voltage ratings, conductor current ratings, fuse sizes, and size of controls connected to the PV output.
- Once the PV module has been shipped to the installation site, all of the parts should be unpacked properly with care.
- Do not stand or step on the PV module like below pictures show. This is prohibited and there is a risk of damage to the module and cause injury for you.





- Only PV modules with the same cell size should be connected in series.
- During transporting modules, please attempt to minimize shock or vibration to the module, as this may damage the module or lead to cell micro cracks.
- During all transportation situations, never drop the module from a vehicle, house or hands. This will damage module.
- Do not clean the glass with chemicals. Only use tap water. Make sure the module surface temperature is cool to the touch. Cleaning modules with cool water when module surface temp is high may result in glass breakage.
- Do not disconnect any of the modules when under load.
- When looking at PV modules with anti-reflection (AR) coating technology, it will be normal to see some cells with a slight color difference at different angles. Modules with LRF(light reflective film) and without LRF should not be built in the same array or roof.



- Connector of junction box can not be contacted with oily substances, for example, lubricant, rust inhibitor etc.
- The maximum altitude the PV module is designed for  $\leq$  2000m.
- The maximum irradiance is 1300W/m<sup>2</sup> for module with transparent rear.
- Meaning of crossed –out wheeled dustbin:

Do not dispose of electrical appliances as unsorted municipal waste, use separate collection facilities.

Contact your local government for information regarding the collection systems available.

If electrical appliances are disposed of in landfills or dumps, hazardous substances can leak into the groundwater and get into the food chain, damaging your health and well-being.

When replacing old appliances with new ones, the retailer is legally obligated to take back your old appliance for disposals at least free of charge.



## 2. Installation

## 2.1 Installation Safety

- Always wear protective head gear, insulating gloves and safety shoes (with rubber soles).
- Keep the PV module packed in the carton until installation.
- Do not touch the PV module unnecessarily during installation. The glass surface and the frame may be hot. There is a risk of burns and electric shock.
- Do not work in rain, snow or windy conditions.
- Due to the risk of electrical shock, do not perform any work if the terminals of the PV module are wet.
- Use insulated tools and do not use wet tools.
- When installing PV modules, do not drop any objects (e.g., PV modules or tools).
- Make sure flammable gasses are not generated or present near the installation site.
- Insert module connectors fully and correctly. An audible "click" sound should be heard. This sounds confirms the connectors are fully seated. Check all connections.
- The module leads should be securely fastened to the module frame, Wire Management should be done in a way to avoid the connector from scratching or impacting the back sheet of the module.
- Do not touch the junction box and the end of the interconnect cables (connectors) with bare hands during installation or under sunlight, regardless if the PV module is connected to or disconnected from the system.
- Do not expose the PV module to excessive loads on the surface of the PV module or twist the frame.
- Do not hit or put excessive load on the glass or back sheet, this may break the cells or cause micro



cracks.

- During the installation or operation, don't use sharp tools to wipe the back sheet and glass. Scratches can appear on the module.
- Do not drill holes in the frame. It may cause corrosion of the frame.
- When installing modules on roof mounted structures, please try to follow the "from top to bottom" and/or "from left to right" principle, and don't step on the module. This will damage the module and would be dangerous for personal safety.

## 2.2 Installation Condition

#### 2.2.1 Climate Condition

Please install the modules in the following conditions:

- a) Operating temperature: within -40°C(-40°F) to 85°C (185°F)
- b) Humidity: < 85RH%

\* Note: The mechanical load bearing (include wind and snow loads) of the module is based on the approved mounting methods. The professional system installer must be responsible for mechanical load calculation according to the system design.

#### 2.2.2 Site Selection

In most applications, Jinko solar PV modules should be installed in a location where they will receive maximum sunlight throughout the year. In the Northern Hemisphere, the module should typically face south, and in the Southern Hemisphere, the modules should typically face north. Modules facing 30 degrees away from true South (or North) will lose approximately10 to 15 percent of their power output. If the module faces 60 degrees away from true South (or North), the power loss will be 20 to 30 percent.

When choosing a site, avoid trees, buildings or obstructions, which could cast shadows on the solar photovoltaic modules especially during the winter months when the arc of the sun is lowest over the horizon. Shading causes loss of output, even though the factory fitted bypass diodes of the PV module will minimize any such loss.

Do not install the PV module near open flame or flammable materials.

When solar modules are used to charge batteries, the battery must be installed in a manner, which will protect the performance of the system and the safety of its users. Follow the battery manufacturer's guidelines concerning installation, operation and maintenance recommendations. In general, the battery (or battery bank) should be away from the main flow of people and animal traffic. Select a battery site that is protected from sunlight, rain, snow, debris, and is well ventilated. Most batteries generate hydrogen gas when charging, which can be explosive. Do not light matches or create sparks near the battery bank. When a battery is installed outdoors, it should be placed in an insulated and ventilated battery case specifically designed for the purpose.

Do not install the PV module in a location where it would be immersed in water or continually exposed to water from a sprinkler or fountain etc.



#### 2.2.3 Tilt Angle Selection

The tilt angle of the PV module is measured between the surface of the PV module and a horizontal ground surface (Figure 1). The PV module generates maximum output power when it faces the sun directly.

For standalone systems with batteries where the PV modules are attached to a permanent structure, the tilt

angle of the PV modules should be selected to optimize the performance based on seasonal load and sunlight. In general, if the PV output is adequate when irradiance is low (e.g., winter), then the angle chosen should be adequate during the rest of the year. For grid-connected installations where the PV modules are attached to a permanent structure, PV modules should be tilted so that the energy production from the PV modules will be maximized on an annual basis.



Figure1: PV module tilt angle

## 2.3 Mechanical Installation Introduction

Solar PV modules usually can be mounted by using the following methods: bolts and clamps.

- \* Note:
- All installation methods herein are only for reference, and Jinko solar will not provide related mounting modules, the system installer or trained professional personnel must be responsible for the PV system's design, installation, and mechanical load calculation and security of the system.
- 2) Before installation, the following items should be addressed:
  - a) Visually check the module for any damage. Clean the module if any dirt or residue remains from shipping .
  - b) Check if module serial number stickers match.
- 3) Jinko modules are designed to meet a maximum positive (or downward) pressure of 3600Pa (Only refer to the mentioned module type in this manual) and negative (or upward) pressure of 1600Pa. This design load was then tested with a safety factor of 1.5 times. So Jinko modules are tested under a maximum downward pressure of 5400Pa and upward pressure of 2400Pa. When mounting modules in snow-prone or high-wind environments, special care should be taken to mount the modules in a manner that provides sufficient design strength while meeting local code requirements.

#### 2.3.1 Mounting with Bolts

For mounting with bolts, the following modules in tables 1 are applicable.

The frame of each module has 8 mounting holes (Length\* Width: 14mm\*9mm) used to secure the modules to support structure. Always use all the eight mounting holes to secure the modules. The module frame must be attached to a mounting rail using M8 corrosion-proof bolts together with spring washers and flat washers in eight symmetrical locations on the PV module. The applied torque value should be big enough to fix the modules steadily. The reference value for M8 bolt is 16~20N\*m. As to special support system or special



installation requirement, please reconfirm with the support's supplier for the torque value. Please find detailed mounting information in the below illustration as Figure 2.



2.3.1.1 Mounting with Bolts (eight mounting holes)



Figure 2: PV module installed with bolt fitting method (eight mounting holes)

	Madula tura	Max. Test Pressure: 5400Pa (positive ) &2400Pa (negative) mechanical load			
	Module type	Module dimensions(mm)			
	Height of the frame (mm)		35		
48P	Group 9		1324*992		
	Group 10		1324*992		
	Height of the frame (mm)	/	30		
54P	Group 25	/	1701*1122 & 1717*1132 & 1719*1134		
	Group 26	/	1669*1122 & 1685*1132 & 1687*1134		
	Height of the frame (mm)	35	30		
	Group 1	1650*992			
	Group 2	1665*992			
60P	Group 3	1650*9	92 & 1665*1002		
60P	Group 4	1665*9	92 & 1684*1002		
	Group 11	1	704*1008		
	Group 27	/ 1884*1122 & 1901*1132 & 1904*11			
	Group 28	/ 1848*1122 & 1865*1132 & 1868*1134			
72P	Height of the frame (mm)	40	30		



	Group 5	1956*992				
	Group 6	1987*992				
	Group 7	1956*992 & 1979*1002				
	Group 8	1987*992 & 2008*1002				
	Group 12	2031*1008				
	Height of the frame (mm)	35				
	Group 31	2250*1122 & 2260*1130 & 2271*1132 & 2274*1134				
	Group 32	2209*1130 & 2206*1122 & 2227*1132 & 2230*1134				
	Height of the frame (mm)	30				
	Group 14	1840*998 & 1841*1002				
	Group 16	1868*1008 & 1865*1005				
	C	1842*1021 & 1842*1024				
66P	Group 18	1855*1032 & 1855*1029				
00P	Group 20	1868*1034 & 1878*1032				
	Group 22	1822*1008				
	Group 24	1796*995 & 1796*998				
	Group 29	2089*1134 & 2086*1132 & 2067*1122				
	Group 30	2027*1122 & 2046*1132 & 2049*1134				
	Height of the frame (mm)	35				
	Crown 12	2163*995 & 2167*997				
	Group 13	2167*998 & 2166*1002				
	Group 15	2194*1008 & 2190*1005				
78P	Group 17	2168*1021 & 2168*1024				
100	Gloup 17	2182*1032 & 2182*1029				
	Group 19	2194*1034 & 2205*1032				
	Group 21	2130*1002 & 2139*1008 & 2110*998				
	Group 23	2113*995 & 2113*998				
	Group 33	2393*1130 & 2385*1122 & 2408*1132 & 2411*1134				
-	•					

Table 1: Mechanical dimensions for bolt fitting method (eight mounting holes)

Notes: Group 1~33 refer to appendix for details.



#### 2.3.1.2 Mounting with Bolts (four mounting holes)



Figure 3: PV module installed with bolt fitting method (four mounting holes)

		Max. Test Pressure: 5400Pa (positive )
M	odule type	&2400Pa (negative) mechanical load
		Module dimensions(mm)
	Height of the frame (mm)	30
	Group 1	1650*992
	Group 2	1665*992
60P	Group 3	1650*992 & 1665*1002
	Group 4	1665*992 & 1684*1002
	Group 11	1704*1008
	Group 28	1848*1122 & 1865*1132 & 1868*1134
	Height of the frame (mm)	30
	Group 5	1956*992
	Group 6	1987*992
	Group 7	1956*992 & 1979*1002
	Group 8	1987*992 & 2008*1002
72P	Group 12	2031*1008
	Height of the frame (mm)	35
	Croup 24	2250*1122 & 2260*1130
	Group 31	& 2271*1132 & 2274*1134
	Group 32	2209*1130 & 2206*1122
	Gloup 32	& 2227*1132 & 2230*1134
	Height of the frame (mm)	30
	Group 14	1840*998 & 1841*1002
66P	Group 16	1868*1008 & 1865*1005
	Group 18	1842*1021 & 1842*1024
		1855*1032 & 1855*1029



	Group 20	1868*1034 & 1878*1032
	Group 22	1822*1008
	Group 24	1796*995 & 1796*998
	Height of the frame (mm)	35
	Crown 40	2163*995 & 2167*997
	Group 13	2167*998 & 2166*1002
	Group 15	2194*1008 & 2190*1005
	Group 17	2168*1021 & 2168*1024
78P		2182*1032 & 2182*1029
	Group 19	2194*1034 & 2205*1032
	Group 21	2130*1002 & 2139*1008 & 2110*998
	Group 23	2113*995 & 2113*998
		2393*1130 & 2385*1122 & 2408*1132 &
	Group 33	2411*1134

Table 2: Mechanical dimensions for bolt fitting method (four mounting holes)

Note: The installation method of bolt fitting (four mounting holes) is based on the internal results in Jinko.

2.3.1.3 Mounting with Bolts (Nextracker four mounting holes)



Figure 4: PV module installed with bolt fitting method (NEX)

		Max. Test Pressure: 1600Pa (positive )		
,	Madula tura	&1600Pa (negative) mechanical load		
·	Module type	Dimensi	ons(mm)	
		A'	*B	
	Height of the frame (mm)	40	30	
	Group 5	1956*992		
72P	Group 6	1987*992		
12P	Group 7	1956*992 & 1979*1002		
	Group 8	1987*992 & 2008*1002		
	Group 12	2031*1008		
78P	Height of the frame (mm)	3	5	



Group 13	2163*995 & 2167*997
	2167*998 & 2166*1002
Group 15	2194*1008 & 2190*1005
Croup 17	2168*1021 & 2168*1024
Group 17	2182*1032 & 2182*1029
Group 19	2194*1034 & 2205*1032
Group 21	2130*1002 & 2139*1008 & 2110*998
Group 23	2113*995 & 2113*998

 Table 3: Mechanical dimensions for bolt fitting method (NEX)

Note: The installation method of bolt fitting (NEX) is based on the experimental results in Jinko.

The design of the Nextracker tracking bracket, the selection of accessories and the installation of modules should be completed by a professional system installer, which can refer to Jinko's mechanical load.

#### 2.3.2 Mounting with Clamps

The module clamps should not come into contact with the front glass and must not deform the frame. Be sure to avoid shadowing effects from the module clamps. The module frame is not to be modified under any circumstances. When choosing this type of clamp-mounting method, please be sure to use at least four clamps on each module, two clamps should be attached on each long sides of the module. Depending on the local wind and snow loads, if excessive pressure load is expected, additional clamps or support would be required to ensure the module can bear the load. The applied torque value should be big enough to fix the modules steadily (Please consult with the clamp or support's supplier for the specific torque value). Please

find detailed mounting information in the below illustration, the mounting place distance is suggested bigger than J and less than K. The installation diagram of clamp is shown in figure 5.

Note:

The Movement of the mounting rail and the clamps center line are recommended to be within the black arrow area.

As shown in the figure on the right, the minimum length L of the clamps is 50mm.







Figure 5: PV module installed at the side with Clamp fitting method

Clamp type	Di	Composition material				
End Clamp (40 mm thickness)		39 x 50 x 42 39 x 60 x 42(For 1.5mm thickness frame)				
End Clamp (35 mm thickness)	4					
End Clamp (30 mm thickness)	4	41.5 x 50 x 35				
Middle Clamp (40 mm & 35 mm	42 x 60 x 28(F	42 x 50 x 28 or 1.5mm thick	ness frame)	Aluminum-alloy		
thickness)	Q	R	Р			
	13.5	15				
Middle Clamp	42 x 50 x 29.5					
Middle Clamp (30 mm thickness)	Q	R	Р			
(So min thickness)	14	14	3			



When installing modules using clamps on the long side of the frame, the applicable product types and installation locations are shown in figure 6 and table 4.

When installing modules using clamps on the short side of the frame, the applicable product types and installation locations are shown in figure 7 and table 5.

When installing modules using clamps on the long side & short side of the frame, the applicable product types and installation locations are shown in figure 8 and table 6.



When installing modules using clamps & screws on the long side & short side of the frame, The considerations and requirements for mounting with clamps and or screws, please refer to the instructions in 2.3.2.The mounting place distance on short side is suggested bigger than J and less than K, the applicable product types and installation locations are shown in figure 9 and table 7.



#### 2.3.2.1 Clamp Mounting on Long Sides of the Frames

Figure 6: Installation of clamps on long side of frames

Module type		Max. Test Pressure Module dimensions(mm)	540 (posi &240 (nega	tive) )0Pa	(pos &24	00Pa sitive) 100Pa gative)	(posi &240	0Pa tive) )0Pa ative)
		A*B	J	К	J	K	J	К
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	3	5		/		/
48P	Group 9	1324*992	240	270	/	/	/	/
	Group 10	1324*992	240	270	/	/	/	/
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	1	/		/		/
54P	Group 25	1701*1122 & 1717*1132 & 1719*1134	/	/	/	/	280	280
	Group 26	1669*1122 & 1685*1132 & 1687*1134	/	/	/	/	280	420
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	3	5	35 3		0	
	Group 1	1650*992	280	420	0	480		
	Group 2	1665*992	280	420	0	480	1/4+50	mm( l
	Group 3	1650*992 1665*1002	280	420	0	480	L/4±50mm( L is the length of the long side of the module)	
60P	Group 4	1665*992 1684*1002	280	420	0	480		
	Group 11	1704*1008	280	420	0	480		
	Group 27	1884*1122 & 1901*1132 & 1904*1134	/	/	/	/	280	420
	Group 28	1848*1122 & 1865*1132 & 1868*1134	/	/	/	/	280	420
700	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	4	0		40	3	0
72P	Group 5	1956*992	280	480	0	480	L/4±50	mm( L



	Group 6	1987*992	280	480	0	480	is the le	ength of
	Group 7	1956*992 1979*1002	280	480	0	480		ng side nodule)
	Group 8	1987*992 2008*1002	280	480	0	480		
	Group 12	2031*1008	280	480	0	480		
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	/	/	/	/	3	5
	Group 31	2250*1122 & 2260*1130 & 2271*1132 & 2274*1134	/	/	/	/	400	580
	Group 32	2209*1130 & 2206*1122 & 2227*1132 & 2230*1134	/	/	/	/	380	520
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	,	/		/	3	0
	Group 14	1840*998 & 1841*1002	/	/	/	/		
	Group 16	1868*1008 & 1865*1005	/	/	/	/	]	<i>.</i>
	Group 18	1842*1021 & 1842*1024 1855*1032 & 1855*1029	/	/	/	/	is the le	)mm( L ength of
66P	Group 20	1868*1034 & 1878*1032	/	/	/	/		ng side
00	Group 22	1822*1008	/	/	/	/	of the module)	
	Group 24	1796*995 & 1796*998	/	/	/	/		
	Group 29	2089*1134 & 2086*1132 & 2067*1122	/	/	/	/	280	420
	Group 30	2027*1122 & 2046*1132 & 2049*1134	/	/	/	/	280	420
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	/ /		/	35		
	Group 13	2163*995 & 2167*997 2167*998 & 2166*1002	/	/	/	/		
	Group 15	2194*1008 & 2190*1005	/	/	/	/	]	<i>.</i>
78P	Group 17	2168*1021 & 2168*1024 2182*1032 & 2182*1029	/	/	/	/	is the le	omm(L ength of
	Group 19	2194*1034 & 2205*1032	/	/	/	/		ng side nodule)
	Group 21	2130*1002 & 2139*1008 & 2110*998	/	/	/	/		nouule)
	Group 23	2113*995 & 2113*998	/	/	/	/		
	Group 33	2393*1130&23851122&2408*1 132&2411*1134	/	/	/	/	450	600

Table 4: Mechanical dimensions of modules installed with clamps on long side of frame

Note: The installation method of 2400Pa is based on the experimental results in Jinko.



## 2.3.2.2 Clamp Mounting on Short Sides of the Frames



Figure 7: Installation of clamps on short side of frames

Modu		Max. Test Pressure		(positive) (negative)	1600Ра (µ &1600Ра (	,
Module type		Module dimensions(mm) A*B	J	К	J	К
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	:	35	8	x
48P	Group 9	1324*992	100	240	/	/
	Group 10	1324*992	100	240	/	/
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	:	35	30	)
	Group 1	1650*992	100	240	100	240
	Group 2	1665*992	100	240	100	240
60P	Group 3	1650*992 & 1665*1002	100	240	100	240
	Group 4	1665*992 & 1684*1002	100	240	100	240
	Group 11	1704*1008	100	240	100	240
	Group 28	1848*1122 & 1865*1132 & 1868*1134	/	/	100	240
	Heigh	Height of the frame (mm)		40	30	)
	Group 5	1956*992	100	240	100	240
72P	Group 6	1987*992	100	240	100	240
126	Group 7	1956*992 & 1979*1002	100	240	100	240
	Group 8	1987*992 & 2008*1002	100	240	100	240
	Group 12	2031*1008	100	240	100	240
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	/		30	
	Group 14	1840*998 & 1841*1002	/	/	130	240
	Group 16	1868*1008 & 1865*1005	/	/	130	240
66P	Croup 19	1842*1021 & 1842*1024	/	/	130	240
00	Group 18	1855*1032 & 1855*1029	/	/	130	240
	Group 20	1868*1034 & 1878*1032	/	/	130	240
	Group 22	1822*1008	/	/	130	240
	Group 24	1796*995 & 1796*998	/	/	130	240

Table 5: Mechanical dimensions of modules installed with clamps on short side of frame



Note: The installation method of clamps on short sides is based on the internal results in Jinko.

#### 2.3.2.3 Clamp Mounting on Long/Short Sides



Figure 8: Installation of clamps on long/short side of frame

	Max. Test Pressure			•	positive ) (negative			400Pa (po 2400Pa (r	ositive)& negative)	L .
Module type		Module dimensions(mm) A*B	J	к	М	N	J	К	М	Ν
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)		;	35			/		
48P	Group 9	1324*992	100	240	280	420	/	/	/ /	
	Group 10	1324*992	100	240	280	420	/	/	/	/
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)		;	35	-		30	)	
	Group 1	1650*992	100	240	280	420	100	240		
	Group 2	1665*992	100	240	280	420	100	240	L/4±50	
60P	Group 3	1650*992 & 1665*1002	100	240	280	420	100	240	is the le the lon	0
	Group 4	1665*992 & 1684*1002	100	240	280	420	100	240	of the module)	
	Group 11	1704*1008	100	240	280	420	100	240		,
	Group 28	1848*1122 & 1865*1132 & 1868*1134	100	240	280	420	/	/	/	
	Height of the frame (mm)		40				30	)		
	Group 5	1956*992	100	240	280	420	100	240		
72P	Group 6	1987*992	100	240	280	420	100	240	L/4±50 is the le	mm(L ength of
	Group 7	1956*992 & 1979*1002	100	240	280	480	100	240	the lon	0
	Group 8	1987*992 & 2008*1002	100	240	280	480	100	240	of the n	nodule)
	Group 12	2031*1008	100	240	280	480	100	240		
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)		/			30	)		
	Group 14	1840*998 & 1841*1002	/	/	/	/	130	240		
	Group 16	1868*1008 & 1865*1005	/	/	/	/	130	240	L/4±50	mm( L
66P	Group 18	1842*1021 & 1842*1024 1855*1032 & 1855*1029	/	/	/	/	130	240	is the le the lon	ength of Ig side
	Group 20	1868*1034 & 1878*1032	/	/	/	/	130	240	of the n	nodule)
	Group 22	1822*1008	/	/	/	/	130	240	1	



	Group 24	1796*995 & 1796*998	/	/	/	/	130	240	
	Heig	ht of the frame (mm)	/				35		
	Group 13	2163*995 & 2167*997 2167*998 & 2166*1002	/	/	/	/	130	240	
	Group 15	2194*1008 & 2190*1005	/	/	/	/	130	240	
78P	Group 17	2168*1021 & 2168*1024 2182*1032 & 2182*1029	/	/	/	/	130	240	L/4±50mm( L is the length of the long side
	Group 19	2194*1034 & 2205*1032	/	/	/	/	130	240	of the module)
	Group 21	2130*1002 & 2139*1008 & 2110*998	/	/	/	/	130	240	, ,
	Group 23	2113*995 & 2113*998	/	/	/	/	130	240	

Table 6: Mechanical dimensions of modules installed with clamps on long/short side of frame

Note: The installation method of clamps on long and short sides is based on the internal results in Jinko.

#### 2.3.3 Screws/Clamp Mounting on Long and Short Sides



Figure 9: Installation of screws/clamps on long and short side of frame

		Max. Test Pressure	2400Pa (p &2400Pa (		•	2400Pa (positive) &2400Pa (negative)	
Module type		Module dimensions(mm) A*B	J	к	J	к	
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	35	;	1	'	
48P	Group 9	1324*992	100	240	/	/	
	Group 10	1324*992	100	240	/	/	
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	35 30		0		
	Group 1	1650*992	100	240	100	240	
COD	Group 2	1665*992	100	240	100	240	
60P	Group 3	1650*992 & 1665*1002	100	240	100	240	
	Group 4	1665*992 & 1684*1002	100	240	100	240	
	Group 11	1704*1008	100	240	100	240	
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	40		30		
72P	Group 5	1956*992	100	240	100	240	
	Group 6	1987*992	100	240	100	240	



	I					
	Group 7	1956*992 & 1979*1002	100	240	100	240
	Group 8	1987*992 & 2008*1002	100	240	100	240
	Group 12	2031*1008	100	240	100	240
	Heigh	t of the frame (mm)	/		3	0
	Group 14	1840*998 & 1841*1002	/	/	130	240
	Group 16	1868*1008 & 1865*1005	/	/	130	240
66D	Group 19	1842*1021 & 1842*1024	1	/	120	240
66P	Group 18	1855*1032 & 1855*1029	/	/	130	240
	Group 20	1868*1034 & 1878*1032	/	/	130	240
	Group 22	1822*1008	/	/	130	240
	Group 24	1796*995 & 1796*998	/	/	130	240
	Heigh	/		35		
	Group 12	2163*995 & 2167*997	1	1	100	240
	Group 13	2167*998 & 2166*1002	/	/	130	
	Group 15	2194*1008 & 2190*1005	/	/	130	240
78P	Group 17	2168*1021 & 2168*1024	1	1	100	240
788	Group 17	2182*1032 & 2182*1029	/	/	130	240
	Group 19	2194*1034 & 2205*1032	/	/	130	240
	Croup 24	2130*1002 & 2139*1008 &	1	/	120	240
	Group 21	2110*998	/	/	130	240
	Group 23	2113*995 & 2113*998	/	/	130	240

Table 7: Mechanical dimensions of modules installed with screws/clamps on long and short side of frameNote:The installation method of screws/clamps on long and short side of frame is based on the experimentalresults in Jinko.

## 3. Wiring and Connection

- a) Before this procedure, please read the operation instructions of the PV system carefully. Make wiring by Multi-connecting cables between the PV modules in series or parallel connection, which is determined by user's configuration requirement for system power, current and voltage.
- b) PV modules connected in series should have similar current, and modules must not be connected together to create a voltage higher than the permitted system voltage. The maximum number of modules in series depends on system design, the type of inverter used and environmental conditions.
- c) The maximum fuse rating value in an array string can be found on the product label or in the product datasheet. The fuse rating value is also corresponding to the maximum reverse current that a module can withstand, i.e. when one string is in shade then the other parallel strings of modules will be loaded by the shaded string and the current will pass through to create a current circuit. Based on the maximum series fuse rating of module and local electrical codes and standards, make sure the modules strings in parallel are protected with the appropriate in-line string fusing.
- d) Open the combiner box of the control system and connect the conductor from the PV arrays to the combiner box in accordance with the design and local codes and standards. The cross-sectional area and



cable connector capacity must satisfy the maximum short-circuit of the PV system (for a single component, we recommended that the cross-sectional area of cables be 4mm<sup>2</sup> and the rated current of connectors be more than 10A), otherwise cables and connectors will become overheating for large current. Please pay attention to the temperature limit of cables is 85°C.

e) All module frames and mounting racks must be properly grounded in accordance with local and national electrical codes. Attach the equipment grounding conductor to the module frame using the hole and hardware provided. Note that a stainless steel star washer is used between the ground wire and module frame (see Figure 10 below). This washer is used to avoid corrosion due to dissimilar metals. Tighten the screw securely.



Figure 10: The ground mounting Clip of PV modules

- f) Follow the requirements of applicable local and national electrical codes.
- g) These modules contain factory installed bypass diode .If these modules are incorrectly connected to each other, the bypass diodes, cable or junction box may be damaged.
- h) The cable of the junction box is defined as L, as showed below in Figure 11. For Jinko standard full module L is 900/1200mm, the half-cut module L is 145/290mm, and the SWAN bifacial module L is 150/250mm.
   For customized module, L can be based on your condition. Please take the cable length into consideration before designing the wiring layout.





#### Figure 11 (1): The full module junction box

Figure 11 (2): The half-cut module/SWAN bifacial module junction box

- i) It is recommend to use negatively grounded inverters to avoid the PID effect for non-PID free modules.
- j) If modules are connected in series, the total voltage is equal to the sum of individual voltages. The



recommended as below,

```
System voltage≥N*Voc[1+TCVoc* (Tmin-25)]
```

Where

N module numbers in series

Voc Open circuit voltage (refer to product label or data sheet)

TCVoc Temperature coefficient of open circuit voltage (refer to product label or data sheet)

Tmin Minimum ambient temperature

## 4. Maintenance and Care

It is required to perform regular inspection and maintenance of the modules, especially during the warranty period. To ensure optimum module performance, Jinko recommends the following maintenance measures:

## **4.1 Visual Inspection**

Inspect the modules visually to find if there are any visual defects, If there are, the following items should be evaluated:

- a) If modules are observed having slight cell color differences at different angles, this is a normal phenomenon of modules with anti-reflection coating technology.
- b) Whether the glass is broken.
- c) No sharp objects are in contact with the PV module surfaces.
- d) PV modules are not shaded by unwanted obstacles and; or foreign material.



- e) Corrosion along the cells' bus-bar. The corrosion is caused by moisture intrusion thought the module back sheet. Check the back sheet for damage.
- f) Check whether the back sheet is burn out.
- g) Check if screws and mounting brackets are tight, adjust and tighten as necessary.

## 4.2 Cleaning

- a) A build up of dust or dirt on the module(s) front face will result in a decreased energy output. Clean the panel(s) preferably once per annum if possible (depend on site conditions) using a soft cloth dry or damp, as necessary. Water with high mineral content may leave deposits on the glass surface and is not recommended.
- b) Never use abrasive material under any circumstances.
- c) In order to reduce the potential for electrical and thermal shock, Jinko recommends cleaning PV modules during early morning or late afternoon hours when solar radiation is low and the modules are cooler, especially in regions with hotter temperatures.
- d) Never attempt to clean a PV module with broken glass or other signs of exposed wiring, as this presents a shock hazard.
- e) Never use chemicals when cleaning modules as this may affect the module warranty and energy output.

## 4.3 Inspection of Connector and Cable

It's recommended to implement the following preventive maintenance every 6 months:

- a) Check the sealing gels of the junction box for any damage.
- b) Examine the PV module(s) for signs of deterioration. Check all wiring for possible rodent damage, weathering and that all connections are tight and corrosion free. Check electrical leakage to ground.

## 5. Electrical Specification

The module electrical rating are measured under Standard Test Conditions, which are 1000W/m<sup>2</sup>, irradiance with AM 1.5 spectrum and 25 deg (77°F) ambient temperature. The module might produce more or less voltage or current than rated value in uncertainty condition.

The corresponding electrical specifications can be downloaded from website. www.jinkosolar.com.

## 6. Disclaimer of Liability

Because the use of the manual and the conditions or methods of installation, operation, use and maintenance of photovoltaic (PV) product are beyond Jinko's control, Jinko does not accept responsibility and expressly disclaims liability for loss ,damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with such installation,



operation, use or maintenance.

No responsibility is assumed by Jinko for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties, which may result from use of the PV product. NO license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights.

The information in this manual is based on Jinko's knowledge and experience and is believed to be reliable, but such information including product specification (without limitations) and suggestions do not constitute a warranty, expresses or implied. Jinko reserve the right to change the manual, the PV produce, the specifications, or product information sheets without prior notice.

## Appendix: Applicable Products

This document is applicable to the series of solar modules as listed below:

With 6" poly and mono c-Si:

Group 1						
JKMxxxP-60	JKMxxxP-60-J	JKMxxxPP <sup>1</sup> -60	JKMxxxPP-60-J			
JKMxxxP-60-J4 <sup>©</sup>	JKMxxxPP-60-J4	JKMxxxP-60(Plus)③	JKMxxxPP-60(Plus)			
JKMxxxPP-60(Plus)-J	JKMxxxP-60-J4-J	JKMxxxPP-60-J4-J	JKMxxxPP-60-J4(Plus)			
JKMS <sup>@</sup> xxxP-60	JKMSxxxP-60-J	JKMSxxxP-60-J4	JKMSxxxP-60(Plus)			
JKMSxxxPP-60	JKMSxxxPP-60-J	JKMSxxxPP-60-J4				
JKMSxxxPP-60(Plus)-J	JKMSxxxP-60-J4-J	JKMSxxxPP-60-J4-J	JKMSxxxPP-60(Plus)			
JKMSxxxPP-60-MX®	JKMSxxxPP-60B <sup>®</sup> -MX	JKMSxxxPP-60-J4-MX	JKMSxxxPP-60B-J4-MX			
JKMSxxxPP-60(Plus)-MX						
JKMxxxPP-60-MW®	JKMxxxPP-60-J-MW	JKMxxxPP-60(Plus)-MW	JKMxxxPP-60(Plus)-J-MW			
JKMxxxPP-60B-MW	JKMSxxxPP-60-MX-MW	JKMSxxxPP-60B-MX-MW	JKMSxxxPP-60(Plus)-MX-MW			
JKMxxxP-60-V®	JKMxxxP-60-V-J	JKMxxxPP-60-V	JKMxxxPP-60-V-J			
JKMxxxPP-60-J4V	JKMSxxxP-60-V	JKMSxxxP-60-V-J	JKMSxxxPP-60-V			
JKMSxxxPP-60-V-J	JKMSxxxPP-60-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-60B-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-60-J4-MX-V			
JKMSxxxPP-60B-J4-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-60(Plus)-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-60-W-MX-V	JKMSxxxM-60-MX-MW-V			
JKMSxxxPP-60-MX-MW-V	JKMSxxxPP-60B-MX-MW-V	JKMxxxPP-60-MW-V	JKMxxxPP-60-J-MW-V			
JKMSxxxPP-60-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-60B-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-60L-V-MX3				

(xxx=210~325,in increment of 5)

#### Group 2

JKMxxxPP-60H	JKMxxxPP-60H-J4	JKMxxxPP-60H-MW	
JKMxxxPP-60H <sup>®</sup> B-V	JKMxxxPP-60H-J4-V	JKMxxxPP-60H-V	JKMxxxPP-60H-MW-V
JKMxxxPP-60HB	JKMxxxPP-60HB-MW		
JKMSxxxPP-60H-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-60HB-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-60HL-V-MX3	

(xxx =210~325, in increment of 5)

#### Group 3

JKMxxxM-60	JKMxxxM-60-J	JKMxxxM-60(Plus)	JKMSxxxM-60
JKMSxxxM-60-J	JKMSxxxM-60(Plus)	JKMxxxM-60B	JKMSxxxM-60B
JKMSxxxM-60-MX	JKMSxxxM-60B-MX	JKMSxxxM-60(Plus)-MX	JKMxxxM-60B-FS <sup>(1)</sup>



JKMxxxM-60-MW	JKMxxxM-60-J-MW	JKMxxxM-60(Plus)-MW	JKMxxxM-60B-MW
JKMSxxxM-60-MX-MW	JKMSxxxM-60B-MX-MW	JKMSxxxM-60(Plus)-MX-MW	JKMxxxM-60-J-MW-V
JKMxxxM-60-V	JKMxxxM-60-V-J	JKMSxxxM-60-V	JKMSxxxM-60-V-J
JKMSxxxM-60-MX-V	JKMSxxxM-60B-MX-V	JKMSxxxM-60(Plus)-MX-V	JKMxxxM-60-MW-V
JKMxxxM-60L <sup>12</sup>	JKMxxxM-60BL	JKMxxxM-60L-V	JKMxxxM-60BL-V
JKMSxxxM-60-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-60B-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-60L-V-MX3	

(xxx =210~350, in increment of 5)

#### Group 4

	•	
JKMxxxM-60HB	JKMxxxM-60H-FS	JKMxxxM-60HB-FS
JKMxxxM-60HB-MW		
JKMxxxM-60HB-V	JKMxxxM-60H-MW-V	
JKMxxxM-60HBL	JKMxxxM-60HL-V	JKMxxxM-60HBL-V
	·	
JKMSxxxM-60HB-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-60HL-V-MX3	
)		
	JKMxxxM-60HB-MW JKMxxxM-60HB-V JKMxxxM-60HBL	JKMxxxM-60HB-W JKMxxxM-60HB-V JKMxxxM-60HBL JKMxxxM-60HBL JKMSxxxM-60HB-V-MX3 JKMSxxxM-60HL-V-MX3

(xxx =320~375,in increment of 5)

#### Group 5

JKMxxxP-72	JKMxxxP-72-J	JKMxxxPP-72	JKMxxxPP-72-J
JKMxxxP-72-J4	JKMxxxPP-72-J4	JKMxxxP-72(Plus)	JKMxxxPP-72(Plus)
JKMxxxPP-72(Plus)-J	JKMxxxP-72-J4-J	JKMxxxPP-72-J4-J	JKMxxxPP-72-J4(Plus)
JKMSxxxP-72	JKMSxxxP-72-J	JKMSxxxP-72-J4	JKMSxxxP-72(Plus)
JKMSxxxPP-72	JKMSxxxPP-72-J	JKMSxxxPP-72-J4	JKMSxxxPP-72(Plus)
JKMSxxxPP-72(Plus)-J	JKMSxxxP-72-J4-J	JKMSxxxPP-72-J4-J	
JKMSxxxPP-72-MX	JKMSxxxPP-72B-MX	JKMSxxxPP-72-J4-MX	
JKMSxxxPP-72B-J4-MX	JKMSxxxPP-72(Plus)-MX	JKMSxxxPP-72-W-MX	JKMSxxxPP-72(Plus)-MX-MW
JKMxxxPP-72-MW	JKMxxxPP-72-J-MW	JKMxxxPP-72(Plus)-MW	JKMxxxPP-72(Plus)-J-MW
JKMxxxPP-72B-MW	JKMSxxxPP-72-MX-MW	JKMSxxxPP-72B-MX-MW	
JKMxxxP-72-V	JKMxxxP-72-V-J	JKMxxxPP-72-V	JKMxxxPP-72-V-J
JKMxxxPP-72-J4V	JKMSxxxP-72-V	JKMSxxxP-72-V-J	JKMSxxxPP-72-V
JKMSxxxPP-72-V-J	JKMSxxxPP-72-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-72B-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-72-J4-MX-V
JKMSxxxPP-72B-J4-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-72(Plus)-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-72-W-MX-V	JKMxxxPP-72-MW-V
JKMxxxPP-72-J-MW-V	JKMS320M-72-MX-MW-V	JKMSxxxPP-72-MX-MW-V	JKMSxxxPP-72B-MX-MW-V
JKMSxxxPP-72-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-72B-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-72L-V-MX3	

(xxx =250~390, in increment of 5)

### Group 6

JKMxxxPP-72H	JKMxxxPP-72H-J4	JKMxxxPP-72HB	JKMxxxPP-72H-MW
JKMxxxPP-72HB-MW	JKMSxxxPP-72H-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-72HB-V-MX3	JKMSxxxPP-72HL-V-MX3
JKMxxxPP-72HB-V	JKMxxxPP-72H-J4V	JKMxxxPP-72H-V	JKMxxxPP-72H-MW-V

(xxx =250~390,in increment of 5)



JKMxxxM-72	JKMxxxM-72-J	JKMxxxM-72(Plus)	JKMSxxxM-72
JKMSxxxM-72-J	JKMSxxxM-72(Plus)	JKMxxxM-72B	JKMSxxxM-72B
JKMSxxxM-72-MX	JKMSxxxM-72B-MX	JKMSxxxM-72(Plus)-MX	JKMxxxM-72B-FS
JKMxxxM-72-MW	JKMxxxM-72-J-MW	JKMxxxM-72(Plus)-MW	JKMxxxM-72B-MW
JKMSxxxM-72-MX-MW	JKMSxxxM-72B-MX-MW	JKMSxxxM-72(Plus)-MX-MW	JKMxxxM-72-V
JKMxxxM-72-V-J	JKMSxxxM-72-V	JKMSxxxM-72-V-J	JKMSxxxM-72-MX-V
JKMSxxxM-72B-MX-V	JKMSxxxM-72(Plus) -MX-V	JKMxxxM-72-MW-V	JKMxxxM-72-J-MW-V
JKMxxxM-72L	JKMxxxM-72L-V		
xx =250~420,in increment of	5)		
JKMSxxxM-72-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-72B-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-72L-V-MX3	

(xxx =250-395,in increment of 5 )

#### Group 8

	-		
JKMxxxM-72H	JKMxxxM-72HB	JKMxxxM-72H-MW	JKMxxxM-72H-MW
JKMxxxM-72H-FS	JKMxxxM-72HB-FS	JKMxxxM-72HB-FS	
JKMxxxM-72H-V	JKMxxxM-72HB-V	JKMxxxM-72H-MW-V	
JKMxxxM-72HL	JKMxxxM-72HL-V		
xxx =250~450,in increment of 5	5)		
JKMSxxxM-72H-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-72HB-V-MX3	JKMSxxxM-72HL-V-MX3	
xxx =250-395,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxM-72H-MBB-V			
xxx =370~440,in increment of 5	5)		
JKMxxxN-72H-MBB-V			
www295. 450 in increment of F		•	•

(xxx =385~450,in increment of 5)

## Group 9

		· · · · · · · · ·	
JKMxxxP-48	JKMxxxP-48-J	JKMxxxP-48-J4	JKMxxxPP-48
JKMxxxPP-48-J	JKMxxxPP-48-J4	JKMxxxPP-48(Plus)	JKMxxxPP-48(Plus)-J
JKMxxxP-48-J4-J	JKMxxxPP-48-J4-J	JKMxxxPP-48-J4(Plus)	JKMSxxxP-48(Plus)
JKMSxxxP-48	JKMSxxxP-48-J	JKMSxxxP-48-J4	JKMSxxxPP-48(Plus)
JKMSxxxPP-48	JKMSxxxPP-48-J	JKMSxxxPP-48-J4	JKMSxxxPP-48(Plus)-J
JKMSxxxP-48-J4-J	JKMSxxxPP-48-J4-J	JKMSxxxPP-48(Plus)-MX	JKMSxxxPP-48-W-MX
JKMSxxxPP-48-MX	JKMSxxxPP-48B-MX	JKMSxxxPP-48-J4-MX	JKMSxxxPP-48B-J4-MX
JKMxxxPP-48-MW	JKMxxxPP-48-J-MW	JKMxxxPP-48(Plus)-MW	JKMxxxPP-48(Plus)-J-MW
JKMxxxPP-48B-MW	JKMSxxxPP-48-MX-MW	JKMSxxxPP-48B-MX-MW	JKMSxxxPP-48(Plus)-MX-MW
JKMxxxP-48-V	JKMxxxP-48-V-J	JKMxxxPP-48-V	JKMxxxPP-48-V-J
JKMxxxPP-48-J4V	JKMSxxxP-48-V	JKMSxxxP-48-V-J	JKMSxxxPP-48-V
JKMSxxxPP-48-V-J	JKMSxxxPP-48-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-48B-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-48-J4-MX-V
JKMSxxxPP-48B-J4-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-48(Plus)-MX-V	JKMSxxxPP-48-W-MX-V	JKMxxxPP-48-MW-V
JKMxxxPP-48-J-MW-V			

(xxx =170~230, in increment of 5)

#### Group 10

JKMxxxM-48	JKMxxxM-48-J	JKMSxxxM-48	JKMSxxxM-48-J
JKMSxxxM-48(Plus)	JKMSxxxM-48-MX	JKMSxxxM-48B-MX	JKMSxxxM-48(Plus)-MX
JKMxxxM-48-MW	JKMxxxM-48-J-MW	JKMxxxM-48B-MW	



	JKMSxxxM-48-MX-MW	JKMSxxxM-48B-MX-MW	JKMSxxxM-48(Plus)-MX-M	N
	JKMxxxM-48-V	JKMxxxM-48-V-J	JKMSxxxM-48-V	JKMSxxxM-48-V-J
	JKMSxxxM-48-MX-V	JKMSxxxM-48B-MX-V	JKMSxxxM-48(Plus)-MX-V	JKMxxxM-48-MW-V
	JKMxxxM-48-J-MW-V			
(X)	xx =170~270,in increment of 5	)		
		Gr	oup 11	
	JKMxxxM-60H-TVւ₃	JKMxxxM-60HL-TV		
(x:	xx =300~355,in increment of 5	)		
	JKMxxxN-60H-TV	JKMxxxN-60HL-TV		
(x:	xx =315~365,in increment of 5	)		
	JKMxxxM-60H-MBB-TV			
(x:	xx =320~360,in increment of 5	)		
	JKMxxxN-60H-MBB-TV			
(x:	xx =310~370,in increment of 5	)		
		Gr	oup 12	
	JKMxxxM-72H-TV	JKMxxxM-72HL-TV		
(x:	xx =375~430,in increment of 5	)		
	JKMxxxN-72H-TV	JKMxxxN-72HL-TV		
(x:	xx =375~440,in increment of 5	)		
	JKMxxxM-72H-MBB-TV			
(x:	xx =385~435,in increment of 5	)		· ·
	JKMxxxN-72H-MBB-TV			
(x:	xx =370~445,in increment of 5	)		
		G	roup 13	
	JKMxxxM-78H-V	JKMxxxM-78H	JKMxxxM-78HB-V	
(x:	xx =405-450,in increment of 5)			
		G	roup 14	
	JKMxxxM-66H-V	JKMxxxM-66H	JKMxxxM-66HB-V	
(x:	xx =340-380,in increment of 5)			
		G	roup 15	
	JKMxxxM-78H-TV	JKMxxxM-78H-T	JKMxxxN-78H-TV	JKMxxxN-78H-T
(x:	xx =405-470,in increment of 5)			
		G	roup 16	
	JKMxxxM-66H-TV	JKMxxxM-66H-T	JKMxxxN-66H-TV	JKMxxxN-66H-T
(x:	xx =345-395,in increment of 5)			
		G	roup 17	
	JKMxxxM-7RL3-V	JKMxxxM-7RL3	JKMxxxM-7RL3-V-J	JKMxxxM-7RL3-J
(x:	xx = 430~490,in increment of 5	)		
	JKMxxxN-7RL3-V	JKMxxxN-7RL3	JKMxxxN-7RL3-V-J	JKMxxxN-7RL3-J
(x:	xx = 430~485,in increment of 5	)	•	
		G	roup 18	



JKMxxxN-6RL3-V	JKMxxxN-6RL3	JKMxxxN-6RL3-V-J	JKMxxxN-6RL3-J
(xxx = 360~410,in increment of	of 5)		
		Group 19	
JKMxxxM-7RL3-TV	JKMxxxM-7RL3-T	JKMxxxM-7RL3-TV-J	JKMxxxM-7RL3-T-J
JKMxxxN-7RL3-TV	JKMxxxN-7RL3-T	JKMxxxN-7RL3-TV-J	JKMxxxN-7RL3-T-J
(xxx = 425~485,in increment of	of 5)		
	(	Group 20	
JKMxxxM-6RL3-TV	JKMxxxM-6RL3-T	JKMxxxM-6RL3-TV-J	JKMxxxM-6RL3-T-J
JKMxxxN-6RL3-TV	JKMxxxN-6RL3-T	JKMxxxN-6RL3-TV-J	JKMxxxN-6RL3-T-J
(xxx = 355~410,in increment of	of 5)		
		Group 21	
JKSM3-DCCA-xxx			
(xxx = 400~475,in increment of	of 5)		
JKSN3-DCCA-xxx			
(xxx = 400~465,in increment of	of 5)		
		Group 22	
JKSM3-CCCA-xxx			
(xxx = 340~400,in increment of	of 5)		
JKSN3-CCCA-xxx			
(xxx = 340~390,in increment of			
	(	Group 23	
JKSM3-DACA-xxx			
(xxx = 400~465,in increment of	,		
	(	Group 24	1
JKSM3-CACA-xxx			
(xxx = 335~390,in increment of	of 5)		
	(	Group 25	
JKMxxxM-54HL4	JKMxxxM-54HL4-V	JKMxxxM-54HL4-J	JKMxxxM-54HL4-V-J
(xxx = 345~405,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxN-54HL4	JKMxxxN-54HL4-V	JKMxxxN-54HL4-J	JKMxxxN-54HL4-V-J
(xxx = 345~415,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxM-54HL4-TV	JKMxxxM-54HL4-TV-J		
(xxx = 345~405,in increment of			
JKMxxxN-54HL4-TV	JKMxxxN-54HL4-TV-J		
			I
(xxx = 345~415,in increment of	,	Group 26	
JKMxxxM-5RL4	JKMxxxM-5RL4-V		
$(xxx = 345 \sim 405, in increment of the second seco$			
JKMxxxN-5RL4	JKMxxxN-5RL4-V		
(xxx = 345~415,in increment of	of 5)		
IKMxxxM-5RI 4-TV			

JKMxxxM-5RL4-TV

(xxx = 345~405, in increment of 5)



JKMxxxN-5RL4-TV			
(xxx = 345~415,in increment of 5	)		
	Gro	oup 27	
JKMxxxM-60HL4	JKMxxxM-60HL4-V		
(xxx = 385~450,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-60HL4	JKMxxxN-60HL4-V		
(xxx = 385~465,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxM-60HL4-TV			
(xxx = 385~450,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-60HL4-TV			
(xxx =385~465,in increment of 5)			
	Gro	oup 28	
JKMxxxM-6TL4	JKMxxxM-6TL4-V		
(xxx = 385~450,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-6TL4	JKMxxxN-6TL4-V		
$(xxx = 385 \sim 465, in increment of 5)$	)		
JKMxxxM-6TL4-TV			
(xxx = 385~450,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-6TL4-TV			
(xxx =385~465,in increment of 5)			
	Gro	oup 29	
JKMxxxM-66HL4	JKMxxxM-66HL4-V		
(xxx = 425~495,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-66HL4	JKMxxxN-66HL4-V		
(xxx = 425~510,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxM-66HL4-TV			
(xxx = 425~495,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-66HL4-TV			
(xxx =425~510,in increment of 5)			
х · · ,		oup 30	
JKMxxxM-6RL4	JKMxxxM-6RL4-V		
(xxx = 425~495,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-6RL4	JKMxxxN-6RL4-V		
(xxx = 425~510,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxM-6RL4-TV			
(xxx = 425~495,in increment of 5	)		
JKMxxxN-6RL4-TV			
	•	•	

(xxx =425~510,in increment of 5)



JKMxxxM-72HL4	JKMxxxM-72HL4-V	JKMxxxM-72HL4-V-J	
(xxx = 460~540,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxN-72HL4	JKMxxxN-72HL4-V		
(xxx = 460~555,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxM-72HL4-TV	JKMxxxM-72HL4-TV-J		
(xxx = 460~540,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxN-72HL4-TV			
(xxx =460~555,in increment o	f 5)		
		Group 32	
JKMxxxM-7TL4	JKMxxxM-7TL4-V	JKMxxxM-7TL4-V-J	
(xxx = 460~540,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxN-7TL4	JKMxxxN-7TL4-V		
(xxx = 460~555,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxM-7TL4-TV	JKMxxxM-7TL4-TV-J		
(xxx = 460~540,in increment of	of 5)		
JKMxxxN-7TL4-TV	-		
(von = 160, EEE in increment of	f r)	1	l

(xxx =460~555, in increment of 5)

Group 33

JKMxxxM-7RL4	JKMxxxM-7RL4-V	JKMxxxM-7RL4-V-J	
	•		

(xxx = 490~585,in increment of 5)

	JKMxxxN-7RL4	JKMxxxN-7RL4-V	
(xx	x = 490~605,in increment of 5	)	

`		/	
	JKMxxxM-7RL4-TV	JKMxxxM-7RL4-TV-J	

(xx	(xxx = 490~585,in increment of 5)					
	JKMxxxN-7RL4-TV					

(xxx =490~605, in increment of 5)

Notes:

- PP: the eagle Series module
- ◆ J4: the eagle black Series module
- Plus: the eagle+ Series module
- JKMS: the smart module
- W: the light PV module
- MX: module with PV-07Bxy junction box
- B: module with black back sheet
- MW: 12 BB Series module
- V: Module with 1500V
- H: Half-cut Series module
- FS: Full Size Series module
- L: large cell series module



- T/TV: SWAN bifacial module
- RL3: large cell TR series module
- ◆ L4: 182 cell Tiger Pro series module

Jinko Module	Wafer type	Technology	Cell Number	Module Type	Cell	Junction Box
STC condition: JKS	p-type Mono: M	Full cell: 1	60: A	Normal mono-facial: A	158 5BB Mono-facial: A	Normal: A
BSTC condition: JKB	Poly: P	Half cell: 2	72: B	All black mono-facial: B	158 5BB Bi- facial: B	MX: B
	N-type Mono: N	TR: 3	66: C	Transparent back sheet: C	158 9BB Bi- facial: C	MX3: C
		Shingling: 4	78: D	Bifacial dual glass: D	161 9BB Bi- facial: D	EP: D



## Note

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